

NONPARAMETRIC SPATIAL STATISTICS

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The talk will be divided in two parts.

First, we study kernel estimation of the density of a multidimensional spatial process $(Z_{\mathbf{x}}, \mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{R}_+^N)$, where the spatial index \mathbf{x} varies continuously throughout the space \mathbb{R}_+^N ($N \geq 1$). The loss between the estimator and the unknown density is measured by means of mean square error. Under appropriate conditions, we prove the existence of optimal, parametric and intermediate rates, provided the process is observed on an hyperrectangle of \mathbb{R}_+^N . Since such an observation is impossible in practice, it is shown that the parametric rate is preserved by using a suitable spatial sampling scheme. Our results are a natural extension of the existing results in nonparametric density estimation for continuous time series ($N = 1$).

Second, letting \mathbb{N}^N be the integer lattice points in the N -dimensional Euclidean space, we define a nonparametric spatial predictor for the values of a random field indexed by \mathbb{N}^N using a kernel method. As for prerequisites, we first examine the general problem of regression estimation for random fields. Then we show the uniform consistency on compact sets of our spatial predictor as well as its asymptotic normality.

Joint work with Beno t Cadre, University Montpellier II.

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